OCTOBER 13, 1774. THE NUMBER 1210.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

With the freshest ADVICES, FOREIGN and DOMESTICK.

IN CIVITATE LIBERA LINGUAM MENTEMQUE LIBERAS ESSE DEBERE.——*Suet.* in *Tib.* 8. 28.

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To the PEOPLE *of the* BRITISH EMPIRE.

I HAVE already advanced, and I hope satisfactorily proved, that no *real* or *pretended Parliament* can abrogate or destroy the Liberties of the People; and I have said (what I now repeat) that a Prince who can give the Royal Assent to any Bill which should establish *Popery*, *Slavery*, and *arbitrary Power*, either in England or any of its Dominions, must be guilty of *Perjury*; for it is, in express Terms, *contrary to his Coronation Oath*.

It is easy for a King, or Tyrant, to *bribe* a House of Commons; it is in his Power to create a Majority in the House of Peers; he consequently may procure a *vile*, *venal*, and *stupid* Senate, to give their Sanction to his ambitious Purposes, even so far as to give up, in a single Day, the Franchises which our noble and valiant Ancestors so often purchased, and bled to support and maintain. It was the Case in a late Reign, in Denmark. A few Years ago, the Tyrant of Sweden also, being enabled to bribe most of his Subjects with *French and English Money*, which was absolutely given to him for that infamous Purpose, enslaved his Country in a single Hour. And now Men, who are equally remarkable for Duplicity and Cunning, confederating with a House of Commons, the most *servile*, *corrupt*, and *contemptible*, that ever disgraced this once free Country, have craftily *established Popery* and *absolute Power*; they have destroyed the Basis of our Rights, the noble Privilege of *Trial by Jury*; they have dissolved the *Habeas Corpus Act*; and (what no King of England ever accomplished) they have plucked up by the Roots the noble Fabrick of the English Common Law, and substituted in its Place the vile, abject, slavish *French Institutes*. A Charles and his Favourite lost their Heads, yet they never attempted a Crime so atrocious as the *Canada Bill*. A James was banished, but he never attempted openly to establish his favourite Religion, *Popery*, in any of the English Dominions. But one, who *pretends* to have an over Quantity of Piety, gives this slavish Religion, by *Establishment*, to a Province which (Lord Chatham says) may be possessed by thirty Millions of Souls, which is thrice the Number of the Inhabitants of Great Britain and Ireland; and by this iniquitous Law, if there is any Truth in the Maxim, "that the smaller Number "must, in Time, be swallowed up by the greater," the Protestant Religion in Britain will in a few Years be conquered in Canada.

To preserve our holy Religion, it was enacted at the Revolution, "that no *Roman Catholick* Prince should reign over us;" and the next in Succession of the Protestant Line was the *Elector of Hanover*, and besides being the nearest in Descent of the Protestant Race from the Royal House of Stuart, the People reasonably imagined that by lifting *so low* a House to such an *elevated Dignity* the Gratitude of the succeeding Princes would bind them to Moderation, and ensure the Liberty of the Subjects. But, however, for Fear of their degenerating into Tyrants, for Fear they should attempt to establish the Popish Religion in *any* Part of the *English Dominions*, before the People should be obliged to swear Allegiance to the King he was first to take a Coronation Oath, thereby fixing this very important Point, "that if *he* should *break his Faith* to the People, and be-"come *perjured*, he then should no longer be obeyed." This was a Security against corrupt Parliaments; for whilst the King preserves his Coronation Oath he will withhold his Royal Assent from any Bill that perverts the Laws, or establishes *Popery* in any Part of the English Dominions.

Let the Oath speak for itself:

"The Archbishop shall say, will you solemnly promise and *swear* to "govern the People of this Kingdom of England, *and the Dominions thereto* "*belonging*, according to the (then) Statutes in Parliament agreed on, "and the Laws and Customs of the same?"

The King and Queen shall say, "I solemnly promise so to do."

"Will you, to the utmost of your Power, cause Law and Justice, in "Mercy, to be executed in all your Judgments?"

Answer. "I will."

"Will you, to the utmost of your Power, *maintain* the Laws of God, "the true Profession of the Gospel, and the *Protestant reformed Religion* "*established by Law?*"

Answer. "All this I promise to do."

"After this, the King and Queen laying his and her Hand upon the "*Holy Gospels*, the King or Queen shall say,

"The Things which I have here before promised I will perform and "keep, *so help me God.* Then the King and Queen shall kiss the Book."

What shall an honest Man say to all this? If I can read English right, in this Oath the King *swears* "to maintain the Protestant Religion as "established by *Law*;" and if I trust to the Evidence of my own Senses, the King hath now *established the Popish Religion* in the vast extensive Province of Canada, which is *in the English Dominions*.

I wish some of the King's Friends (if, *in Truth* and *Sincerity*, any such there be) would clear up this mysterious Business, and reconcile his Majesty's Conduct with his most sacred Coronation *Oath*.

I must not say that our King *hath* committed wilful and corrupt *Perjury*, I will not say that he hath *thereby* been guilty of High Treason against the Majesty of the People, neither do I assert that the People are now *absolved from their Allegiance*; but we have an old fashioned Adage in my Country, extremely applicable to the Occasion, "*that nobody can be* "*hanged for thinking.*"

A SCOTCHMAN.

ANCONA, *June* 16.

THEY write from Ragusa, that the Pacha of Scutari, having assembled 30,000 Men, had attacked the Montenegrims in their own Country; but that the latter received him so vigorously that he was repulsed and beaten, and with much Difficulty escaped, with a Part of his Troops, to Scutari.

DANTZICK, *July* 14. The long Dispute between this City and the King of Prussia is now likely to be ended, as the Magistrates are now convinced, by the Empress of Russia's withdrawing her Protection, that a Compliance will be enforced. They have resolved to acknowledge the Right of the King of Prussia to the Pahr Wasser, and accept of the equal Use of that Canal and the Port, according to the Propositions made by his Prussian Majesty. Notice of this having been sent to the King, he has ordered M. Reichard, his Agent, who had left the City, to return, and has likewise ordered a great Part of the Troops to be immediately withdrawn from the City and Suburbs.

PARIS, *July* 20. It is generally reported here, that the Chancellor Mapeau has had some warm Altercations with the Duke de Choiseul and the Count de Maurepas, which has given so much Disgust that he has petitioned his Majesty for Leave to retire from his Employment. The King answered, that he would consider of the Petition. Should the Chancellor obtain Leave to resign, all the old Friends of the Countess de Barré will be then out of the Administration. That Lady is treated with the greatest Mildness, and it is imagined will soon be set at Liberty.

MARLI, *July* 11. M. de Maurepas has signified to the Prussian Ambassadour, that his Most Christian Majesty cannot refrain from interesting himself exceedingly in the Fate of the City of Dantzick; that the Utility of its free Commerce was an Object which concerned every Power in Europe, and that his Majesty was well informed of their Sentiments on this Head; that he was instructed to give him no other Answer, and that his Demands required no other Reply; that his Majesty wished, and intended, to continue in Peace and Friendship with the King of Prussia, but that he could not refuse concurring with the other Powers in maintaining the Rights of a Republick in the Fate of which Humanity was materially interested. This Signification was made by M. de Maurepas on the 7th Instant, and on the 8th the Ambassadour despatched a Courier to his Court. The King of Prussia has too much Prudence not to make good Use of this Answer, which is concerted with England and Holland.

WARSAW, *July* 29. According to the latest Advices from Petersburg, a Conspiracy was discovered amongst the Russian Troops near Kasan, which was perpetrating by some Officers; and had it not been timely discovered, the whole Army must have surrendered to the Rebels, and the Empire would have been exposed to the utmost Danger. The Chiefs of that intended Conspiracy were secured, and will be brought to Judgment.

The same Misfortune happened among a large Body of Cossacks, who were encamped at Wylonia, under the Command of General Romanius; the whole Camp having deserted into the Ukraine and the adjacent Provinces, where they executed the most cruel Barbarity against the Inhabitants. The General has issued a Proclamation, that whoever shall bring one or more of these Cossacks, dead or alive, shall be duly rewarded; but whoever shall give them a Shelter in his House shall be declared a Rebel against the Empress of Russia. In the Meantime, the Circumstance is a very alarming one.

They write from Dantzick, that the Court of London gave the following Answer upon their Memorial: "That the Court is determined not to intermeddle in an Affair which concerns not the British Subjects, and is against the Interest of their Allies."

Prince Gallitzin has twice beaten Pugatschew. The Rebels best Generals are taken, and brought to Kasan, where their Trials will soon come on.

We have received Advice that the Austrians are extending their Frontiers into Moldavia, and that they have already posted up their Eagles in several Places.

LONDON, *July* 30.

A LETTER from Venice says: "I breakfasted with Wortley Montague, Esq; who lives entirely after the Manner of the Arabians; and I smoaked a Pipe in the Arabian Manner, over a Pot of Coffee. He will not suffer a Drop of Wine to enter his House."

A singular Agreement was entered into at the New England Coffee-house, on Friday last, between an eminent Merchant here and a Gentleman of Fortune in the West Indies. The former deposited with the latter the Sum of 500 Guineas, on Consideration of receiving one Guinea per Day until the Acts relating to the Port of Boston are repealed; with a Proviso, however, that the Bargain should be void if they were not repealed by the 25th of December 1776.

We hear that our Minister, having lately made Representations at the French Court relative to the present State of the Harbour, Jettees, and Sluices of Dunkirk, was answered in a Style extremely different from that with which he was treated on his Application on the same Subject in the Month of September last.

Letters from Vienna mention the Arrival of General Conway there, and that he has been introduced to his Imperial Majesty.

August 2. A general Battle is expected between the Russian and Turkish Armies, in the Neighbourhood of Varna, which the former is determined to attack.

Extract of a Letter from Seville, *July* 1.

"A large Armament is well known to be intended for the West Indies, but on what Expedition cannot be known, as the Officers are commanded to keep their Orders an inviolable Secret. The utmost Diligence is used in fitting out the Ships here, and the whole Fleet will sail as soon as 8000 Troops are embarked."

It is said that a Courier arrived with Despatches yesterday from Mr. Murray, his Majesty's Ambassadour at Constantinople, said to be relative to a Pacification now in great Forwardness between the Russians and Turks.

Many People marvel at the Silence of Mr. Wilkes upon the American Affairs, while the whole World revere the Bishop of St. Asaph for his Spirit and orthodox Doctrine. A few such Bishops might save Church and State.

Five Thousand People have embarked, at Greenock, since the Month of March, for America.

Orders are sent to the Tower for forty Tuns of Halfpence and Farthings to be struck off immediately, for Exportation to New York, Boston, and Philadelphia, where Copper Currency is very much wanted.

INTELLIGENCE EXTRAORDINARY.

We hear, that in Consequence of the passing two late Acts many Promotions will take Place, among which the following are said to be already determined on:

Lord North, Commissioner of Supplies to the College of Jesuits.
Jeremiah Dyson, Esq; Clerk of the Holy Inquisition.
Thomas Bradshaw, Esq; Secretary to the See of Rome.
Charles Jenkinson, Esq; Runner to Ditto.
Charles Fox, Arch Treasurer of the Holy Romish Empire.
Edmund Burke, Professor of Oratory in the University of Padua.
Colonel Barré, Colonel of the American White Boys.
Mr. Sawbridge, Keeper of Liberty Tree, Boston.
Lord Chatham, Superiour of the Holy House of Loretto.
Mr. Harley, Clothier to the Indian Bush Fighters.
Archbishop of Canterbury,---Sovereign Pontiff.
Mr. Horne, Crucifix Maker to his Most Catholick Majesty.
Mr. Wilkes, Moderator of the Meetings at Faneuil Hall.
His Majesty, King of Canada, by the Title of Chevalier de St. George.
Reverend Dr. Wilson, Cardinal Walbrook.
Sir Watkin Lewes, Bishop of Worcester.
Lord Mayor, Teaman to the Pope.

BOSTON, *September* 19.

THE Committee of the Delegates from the several Towns in the County of Suffolk, who presented the Address to the Governour, on receiving his Answer, met together, and, having carefully perused the same, were unanimously of Opinion that his Excellency's Answer could not be deemed satisfactory to the County; and farther, that his Excellency, in his Reply, had been pleased to propose several Questions, which, if unanswered by the Committee, would leave on the Minds of Persons not fully acquainted with the State of Facts some very disagreeable Impressions concerning the Conduct and Behaviour of the People in this County and Province. And the following Address was unanimously voted to his Excellency.

May it please your Excellency,

THE Answer you have been pleased to favour us with, to the Address this Day presented to you, gives us Satisfaction, so far as it relates to your own Intentions; and we thank your Excellency for the Declaration which you have made, that it is your Duty and Interest to encourage an Intercourse between Town and Country, and we entreat your Indulgence while we modestly reply to the Questions proposed in your Answer. Your Excellency is too well acquainted with the human Heart not to be sensible that it is natural for the People to be soured by Oppression, and jealous for their personal Security when their Exertions for the Preservation of their Rights are construed into Treason and Rebellion. Our Liberties are invaded, by Acts of the British Parliament. Troops are sent to enforce those Acts. They are now erecting Fortifications at the Entrance of the Town of Boston. Upon the completing those, the Inhabitants of the Town of Boston will be in the Power of a Soldiery who must implicitly obey the Orders of an Administration who have hitherto evidenced no singular Regard to the Liberties of America. The Town is already greatly impoverished, and distressed, by the Operation of the barbarous Port Bill. Your Excellency, we are persuaded, from Principles of Humanity, would refuse to be an Actor in the tragical Scene that must ensue upon shutting up the Avenues to the Town, and reducing the Inhabitants, by Distress and Famine, to a disgraceful and slavish Submission; but that cruel Work may possibly be reserved for a Successour, disposed and instructed thereto. Daily Supplies of Provisions are necessary for the Subsistence of the Inhabitants of the Town. The Country, disgusted and jealous at the formidable Operations now carrying on, survey, with Horrour, a Plan concerted whereby the Inhabitants of the Town of Boston may be imprisoned and starved at the Will of a military Commander. They kindly invite them to abandon the Town, and earnestly solicit them to share the homely Banquet of Peace in the Country. Should their Refusal involve them in Miseries hitherto unheard of, and hardly conceived of, the Country must stand acquitted, and will not hold their Liberties so loosely as to sacrifice them to the Obstinacy of their Brethren in Boston.

Your Excellency has been pleased to order the Powder from the Magazine in Charlestown, to forbid the Delivery of the Powder in the Magazine of Boston to the legal Proprietors, to seize the Cannon at Cambridge, and bring a formidable Number from Castle William, which are now placed at the Entrance of the Town of Boston; and have likewise, in Addition to the Troops now here, been pleased to send for Reinforcements to Quebeck and other Parts of the Continent. These Things, Sir, together with the Disposition of the Ships of War, we humbly think sufficiently justify the Proceedings for which your Excellency seems to be at a Loss to account.

Your Excellency has suggested that Nature has made it easy to cut off the Communication between Town and Country. Our only Request is, that the Entrance into the Town may remain as Nature has formed it.

If Security to his Majesty's Troops is the only Design in the late Manœuvre, we beg Leave to assure your Excellency, that the most certain, and by far the most honourable Method of making them secure and safe, will be to give the People of the Province the strongest Proof that no Design is forming against their Liberties. And we again solicit your Excellency, with that Earnestness which becomes us on this important Occasion, to desist from every Thing which has a Tendency to alarm them, and particularly from fortifying the Entrance into the Town of Boston.

We rely on your Excellency's Wisdom and Candour, that, in your proposed Representation to our common Sovereign, you will endeavour to redeem us from the Distresses which we apprehend were occasioned by the grossest Misinformation; and that you will assure his Majesty, that no Wish of Independency, no adverse Sentiments or Designs towards his Majesty or his Troops now here, actuate his good Subjects in this Colony, but that their sole Intention is to preserve, pure and inviolate, those Rights to which, as Men, and English Americans, they are justly entitled, and which have been guarantied to them by his Majesty's Royal Predecessors.

A Copy of the foregoing was delivered to Mr. Secretary Flucker by the Chairman, with a Desire that he would, as soon as was convenient, present it to the Governour, and request his Excellency to appoint a Time for receiving it in Form. The Secretary informed the Chairman, the ensuing Day, that he had seen the Governour, and had given him the Copy of the Address, but that he declined receiving it in Form. The Chairman mentioned to him the Importance of the Business, declaring his Belief that the Troops were not in any Danger; and that no Person has, so far as he had been informed, taken any Steps which indicated any hostile Intention, until the seizing and carrying off the Powder from the Magazine in the County of Middlesex; and that, if any ill Consequences should arise that should affect the Interest of Great Britain, the most Candid and Judicious, both in Europe and America, would consider the Author of the Ferment now raised in the Minds of the People as accountable for whatever Consequences might follow from it. He therefore desired the Secretary, once more, to make Application to his Excellency, and to state the Affair to him in that serious Manner which the Case seemed to require. The Secretary accordingly made a second Application to the Governour, but received for Answer, that he had given all the Satisfaction in his Power, and he could not see that any farther Argumentation upon the Subject would be to any Purpose. Upon this the Committee were again convened, and it was unanimously resolved that they had executed the Commission intrusted to them by the County to the utmost of their Ability; and, after voting the Reply to his Excellency's Answer should be inserted in the publick Papers as soon as possible, they adjourned without Day. It is observable, that every Vote passed by the Delegates of the County, and by the Committee appointed to wait on the Governour, was unanimous.

A Correspondent observes, that it is really strange that any Person, of common Understanding, should talk of paying for the Tea (as an Act of Justice) which was destroyed in Boston. All will allow that the Americans have a *Right* to Liberty, and it is equally certain they may lawfully use *Means* to preserve that *Right*; therefore, they may *lawfully* destroy the *Instruments* designed for their Ruin. This evident Truth must strike every Mind, and this was the Case with the Tea; for the Minister *designed* this to be the *Instrument* of our Destruction, and the India Company became the Tools of the Minister, and supplied him with *this Instrument*. And will any Man say, that we are guilty of Injustice by destroying the fatal Dart which was aimed at our Vitals? When Tyrants trample upon the Rights of the People, they never can get Redress by the common Forms of *Law*; therefore they must, when there is no other Remedy, appeal to the *Law of Nature*, which authorises all People to *demand* and *secure* their Rights, not only at the Expense of *Tea*, but of the Blood of the Tyrants. This Doctrine is incontestibly proved by that illustrious Patriot, Mr. LOCKE, and is justified by the *Revolution* Principles and *Practices* in Great Britain.

A great Number of Hands are now employed in erecting Barracks on the Common, for the Troops there encamped.

The Tea arrived at Portsmouth (30 Chests) was last Week sent to Halifax.

Extract of a Letter from Governour Hutchinson, *dated* London, *July* 8, 1774.

"Let the Tea be paid for, by or in Behalf of the Town, as soon as may be; and I hope you will do as much to promote this as possible. I find myself every Where to have more Weight than I could expect, and the Prospect of your speedy Relief to be fairer every Day. Finally obtained, I shall think is one of the most happy Circumstances of my Life."

NEW YORK, *September* 22.

ALL the Members of his Majesty's Council, that have not resigned their Seats, have retired into Boston; where the Board of Commissioners have also removed to, from Salem.

Great Numbers of Persons of Fortune are continually flocking into the Town of Boston, as a Place of Refuge, from the vehement Resentment of the Country People; who, in most Parts of the Province, and in very great Numbers, are daily under Arms.

We hear from Philadelphia, that the Congress will not break up till November next.

Extract of a Letter from London, *July* 29.

"This Place is quite deserted by the fashionable People, who are retired into the several Counties, and eagerly canvassing for their Elections. There will be only one mere Session of the present Parliament, which we expect to be called very early in the Winter.—By the Letters from

Boston, Government finds no Diſpoſition in the Inhabitants to pay for the Tea they deſtroyed, nor to ſubmit to the new Regulations they expect to receive in the ſeveral Acts ſome Time ſince ſent to New England, from the Secretaries Office, by the Scarborough Man of War. There are many Letters in Town intimating that a continental Congreſs is to be held in one of the middle Colonies, which will attract the Attention of every Part of the Britiſh Empire"

We have Advice from Quebeck, that both the Engliſh and French there were in general as much diſſatisfied with the late Canada Bill as any of his Majeſty's Subjects.

His Excellency Governour Tryon, whoſe Health has been greatly recruited at Bath, having obtained his Majeſty's Leave to remain the enſuing Winter in England, will return hither very early in the Spring.

Extract of a Letter from London, *Auguſt* 5.

"Since my laſt Letter, I have procured the Act of Parliament mentioned in it relating to America, which enacts, that after July 1, 1774. Perſons ſhipping Tools or Utenſils uſed in the Cotton or Silk Manufactures, in Order to export the ſame, forfeit all ſuch Tools, &c. &c. and 200l. Officers are authoriſed to ſeize ſuch Tools, &c. on Board the Veſſels, which may be publickly ſold, one Moiety to his Majeſty, the other to the Officer. Maſters of Ships permitting ſuch Tools and Utenſils to be exported, forfeit 200l. If the Ship belongs to his Majeſty, the Captain forfeits 200l. and his Commiſſion. Officers of the Cuſtoms allowing an Entry outwards of ſuch prohibited Utenſils, to forfeit 200l. and their Offices. Since paſſing this Act, I find there is no Probability of paſſing an Entry for any more Wool Cards, &c. for America.

On Tueſday laſt arrived the Sharp, Captain Rogers, from Glaſgow, but laſt from Marblehead, where he landed 200 Paſſengers, and has brought 150 more to this Port.

Captain Falconer, arrived at Philadelphia, ſpoke with the Ship Endeavour, Captain Gordon, out fourteen Weeks, from Falkland's Iſlands, having on Board the Garriſon; they acquainted Captain Falconer, that they had deſtroyed the Fort, and abandoned the Settlement.

Extract of a Letter from London, *July* 27.

"I obſerve you are to have a General Congreſs. Though moſt Perſons fear the Conſequence of ſuch a Meaſure, I ſtand almoſt alone in Opinion that it will produce the moſt ſalutary Effects, both to this Country and America; as I am perſuaded it will be a Means of drawing Propoſals from America, and when that is once done, and a Negotiation ſet on Foot by Men of Underſtanding, all ſeeming Difficulties will ſoon ſubſide."

ANNAPOLIS, *September* 22.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman at Redſtone.

ON the 26th of July, our Troops, to the Amount of 400 Men, in eight Companies, commanded by Major M'Donald, met at the Mouth of Fifh Creek, on the Ohio, about 130 Miles below Fort Pitt. A Council of War being held, it was unanimouſly determined to croſs the Ohio, and proceed to deſtroy the Shawaneſe Town called Wappatomeka, ſituated on the River Muſkingham, about 90 Miles from the ſaid Creek. On the Sunday following, our advanced Party diſcovered three Indians coming towards them on Horſeback; who, obſerving our Party, rode off, on our People firing one Shot at them. On Tueſday, our advanced Party met three Indians, ſuppoſed to be Spies from a large Body, which we afterwards found had lain about Half a Mile from our Army. Upon our Men firing on them, they ran, giving the War Whoop; which our People hearing, immediately formed in three Columns, expecting to be attacked. In this Order we advanced about Half a Mile, when we were fired upon by the Indians who lay in Ambuſh; a Battle enſued, in which we killed four Indians, and wounded many more. We had two Men killed, and five wounded. We drove the Indians before us about a Mile and a Half, they firing upon us from every riſing Ground, when at laſt they ran. Our Men being much ſcattered in the Woods, Major M'Donald collected them; and, leaving a Party with the Wounded, marched about five Miles. On our coming to the River oppoſite their Town, we obſerved the Indians poſted on the Bank, intending to diſpute our Paſſage, each Party endeavouring to conceal themſelves behind Trees, Logs, &c. watching an Opportunity to fire on each other. Here our Men killed one Indian. At a Council held here, it was agreed to croſs lower down the River with a Party in the Night, to amuſe the Indians. One of our Interpreters called to them acroſs the River, when a Delaware ſpoke in his Language, aſking who he was, and what he wanted. The Interpreter telling his Name, invited him over, with an Aſſurance that no Injury ſhould be done him. The Indian knew him, and came acroſs the River, and informed our Commander of the good Diſpoſition of the Delawares towards the white People; but that John Gibſon, and one Wilſon, Indian Traders, had been ſent from Pittſburg to acquaint them that a Party of Virginians had marched againſt ſome of their Towns, but they did not know which. Major M'Donald told him he had particular Inſtructions from the Governour of Virginia not to moleſt any Indians at Peace with us, and particularly the Delawares, who had, on many Occaſions, behaved friendly to the white People, not only delivering ſeveral out of the Hands of the Shawaneſe and Mingoes, but had taken great Pains to diſſuade them from ſtriking the Whites. The Delaware expreſſed great Satisfaction that they were reſpected by the Virginians, who had been repreſented to them by the Pennſylvania Traders as a cruel barbarous People, that would ſpare none of the Indians; which had left the Delawares in great Suſpenſe what Courſe to take. After this Converſation, he requeſted us to ſtay until he brought one Winganum, a Chief of the Delawares. We gave him Part of ſuch as we had. Soon after his Departure he overtook two others of his Nation on their Way to Winganum's, and returned with them, bringing a Mingo, who had that Day been fighting againſt us. The Delawares were exceedingly pleaſed with meeting with ſo friendly a Reception in that bloody Path (as they expreſſed it) where the Shawaneſe and Mingoes had paſſed to murder ſo many of our People, eſpecially as they had received from the Traders terrible Accounts of the Virginians intending to cut them off for the Sake of their Lands. But (ſaid they) from our preſent Experience, we find you a good People, or, as we are but three among ſo many Warriours, you would now cut us in Pieces; but you treat us as Friends, which will make the Hearts of our great Men, and Nation, glad when we tell them this good News. We have called our People from among the Shawaneſe and Mingoes, and frequently adviſed the Shawaneſe not to ſtrike the white People; but they refuſed to liſten to our Counſel, when we told them we ſhould give them up to be cut off by the Whites, which would be the Caſe, as they were only a Handful. After this, we parted in the moſt friendly Manner. To prevent our deſtroying the Shawaneſe Towns, it was propoſed that the Mingo ſhould bring over two of their young Warriours next Morning as Hoſtages, until their great Men and ours could talk together; and he left us for that Purpoſe. The Commander ordered Captain Michael Creſap, and Captain Houghland, to croſs the River before Day, and ſecure the Banks, to cover the Landing of our Men; which they did. Here we waited the Return of the Mingo; but not coming as he promiſed, we proceeded towards their upper Town, when we met him within two Miles of the ſaid Town, coming (as he ſaid) to inform us that the other Indians would not agree to deliver up any Hoſtages; on which we advanced, but had not gone above 200 Yards before we diſcovered a Party in Ambuſh under a Bank. On our endeavouring to ſurround them, they ran off, when about thirty of our Men purſued them cloſe, and a Battle enſued, on which Captain Michael Creſap tomhawked and ſcalped one Indian; and, from the Quantities of Blood on the Woods, many muſt have been wounded. The Indians running, we ſet Fire to the Town, and deſtroyed every Thing of Value. As the Mingo knew of the Ambuſh, and not informing us, we ſecured him; but as he had placed ſome Confidence in us, we did not ſcalp him, but brought him Priſoner. From this Town we proceeded to the reſt, five in Number, all of which we burnt, together with about 500 Buſhels of old Corn, and every other Thing they had. We alſo cut down and deſtroyed about 70 Acres of ſtanding Corn. No Indians appearing, and Proviſion falling ſhort, we returned to Wheeling. On our March we paſſed through a Delaware Town, which the Inhabitants had deſerted; but as they were Friends, we did not touch the leaſt Trifle except a little old Corn, which we were then in great Want of. Since the above, we have been waiting for Proviſions, which are carrying out daily to Wheeling. In this Quarter are now about 700 Men, waiting for Lord Dunmore, who is expected every Day, and who will, no Doubt, put an End to this Indian War, and convince the Indians that their Intereſt in future will be to live in Peace and Friendſhip with the Engliſh, and never more put Confidence in a few villainous Traders, who (as will appear hereafter) have been the Cauſe of the Miſchiefs that have happened.

By a Veſſel arrived from Philadelphia, *we are furniſhed with their Papers to the 5th Inſtant, from which we have collected the following Intelligence.*

BOSTON, *September* 22.

YESTERDAY the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of Boſton met at Fanueil Hall, for the Choice of Repreſentatives, to ſerve in the Great and General Court, to be convened at Salem the 5th of next Month, when the following Gentlemen were choſen, viz. The Honourable Thomas Cuſhing, Eſq; Mr. Samuel Adams, Honourable John Hancock, Eſq; and William Philips, Eſq.

James Murray, Eſq; is appointed Inſpector of Imports and Exports, and Regiſter of Shipping, in North America, in the Room of Thomas Irving, Eſq; preferred.

A Reverend Divine in Charleſtown, South Carolina, has been lately *diſmiſſed* from his Congregation, for his Audacity in ſtanding up in his Pulpit, and impudently ſaying that *Mechanicks* and Country *Clowns* had no Right to diſpute about Politicks, or what Kings, Lords, and Commons, had done. All *ſuch* Divines ſhould be taught to know that Mechanicks and Country Clowns (infamouſly ſo called) are the real and abſolute Maſters of Kings, Lords, Commons, and Prieſts; though, with Shame be it ſpoken, they too often ſuffer their Servants to get upon their Backs and ride them moſt barbarouſly.

September 26. At the Adjournment laſt Friday, the Town made Choice of Dr. Joſeph Warren, Dr. Benjamin Church, and Mr. Nathaniel Appleton, to ſerve as Delegates in the Provincial Congreſs to be held at Concord on the ſecond Tueſday of October next, in Addition to the four Repreſentatives of this Town; and the following Inſtructions for our Repreſentatives were voted, viz.

GENTLEMEN,

AS we have now choſen you to repreſent us in the Great and General Court, to be holden at Salem on Wedneſday the 5th of October next enſuing, we do hereby inſtruct you, that in all your Doings as Members of the Houſe of Repreſentatives you adhere firmly to the Charter of this Province granted by their Majeſties King William and Queen Mary, and that you do no Act that can poſſibly be conſtrued into an Acknowledgment of the Validity of the Act of the Britiſh Parliament for altering the Government of Maſſachuſetts Bay, more eſpecially that you acknowledge the Honourable Board of Counſellors elected by the General Court at their Seſſions in May laſt as the only rightful and conſtitutional Council of this Province; and as we have Reaſon to believe that a conſcientious Diſcharge of your Duty will produce your Diſſolution as a Houſe of Repreſentatives, we do hereby empower and inſtruct you to join with the Members who may be ſent from this and the other Towns in the Province, and to meet with them at a Time to be agreed on, in a general Provincial Congreſs, to act upon Matters as may come before you in ſuch a Manner as may appear to you moſt conducive to the true Intereſt of this Town and Province, and moſt likely to preſerve the Liberties of all North America.

At a Meeting of the Selectmen and Committee of Correſpondence, September 24.

OUR Friends in the neighbouring Towns, and the Country in general, having expreſſed their Uneaſineſs leſt the Workmen in this Town, by aſſiſting the Army in building Barracks, ſhould give Occaſion of Umbrage to their Friends who dwell more remote, whether in this or the neighbouring Colonies, particularly to our Brethren of New York, who have nobly rejected the Application of the Barrack Maſter for Mechanicks and other Aſſiſtants from that Place: Therefore, having debated this Matter, in Compliance with the Application of our Friends in the Country, it is the Opinion of this joint Committee, that ſhould the Mechanicks, or other Inhabitants of this Town, aſſiſt the Troops, by furniſhing them with Artificers, Labourers, or Materials of any Kind to build Barracks or other Places of Accommodation for the Troops, they will probably incur the Diſpleaſure of their Brethren, who may withhold their Contributions for the Relief of the Town, and deem them as Enemies to the Rights and Liberties of America, by furniſhing the Troops with Conveniencies for their Reſidence and Accommodation in this Town.

A Correſpondent informs us, "that in travelling 300 Miles in New England he has not ſeen one Perſon who gave the leaſt Countenance to the late tyrannical Meaſures of Parliament; but, on the contrary, the People, in every Part of the Country, are prepared to meet the laſt Efforts of Tyranny, and are determined to ſpend all their Treaſure and their Blood in Defence of their Rights."

An old Warriour in the Country has conſtructed a Machine for fighting, which he ſays, for a cloſe Attack, is much ſuperiour to a Bayonet, or any other Inſtrument ever yet in Uſe. The Art of War is the univerſal Study; all are animated with the higheſt Ardour for Liberty; and, "*O ſave my Country, Heaven!*" is the univerſal Prayer.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in Middleton, *in* Connecticut, *to his Friend in* Boſton, *dated September* 13.

"I embrace this Opportunity to acquaint you that the Town of Hartford has ſubſcribed about 1400 Buſhels of Grain, to proceed to Boſton next Week, and the Town of Middleton has ſubſcribed about the ſame Quantity. The Towns of Kenſington and Middle Hadden have each of them ſubſcribed 600 Buſhels; the Whole of which you may expect in Boſton next Month, for the induſtrious Poor, &c. The falſe Alarm has enraged the People greatly; about 20,000 were preparing, and ſome of them already marched for your Relief; and I preſume, in five Days, there would be 50,000 Men to aſſiſt you, which is more than Great Britain can ſpare.——*A Kingdom divided againſt itſelf cannot ſtand.*"

We hear Collections are making in the ſeveral Towns in the Colony of Rhode Iſland for the ſuffering Inhabitants here. It is ſaid 5000 Dollars are already raiſed in the Town of Newport, and that the Honourable Joſhua Babcock, Eſq; of Weſterly, has generouſly ſubſcribed 100 Dollars for the like Purpoſe.

A great Number of Hands are now employed in erecting Barracks on the Common, for the Troops there encamped.

WILLIAMSBURG, *October* 13.

MONDAY laſt being the firſt Day of the General Court, all the Judges attended, and, after mature Deliberation, determined not to proceed upon the Trial of any other than criminal Cauſes, during the preſent Suſpenſion of the Fee Bill.

Extract of Letter from Mr. Bennett Browne, *dated York Town, on Tueſday laſt.*

"I have incloſed you ſome Newſpapers, which, from the Length of our Paſſage (in the Juno M'Cunn, from Glaſgow, who arrived in Hampton Road yeſterday, in nine Weeks and three Days) probably contain nothing new for you; however, you will take the Will for the Deed.——On the 20th ult. Captain M'Cunn ſpoke the Riſing Sun, Peterſon, from Virginia to London, in Latitude 40: 24, Longitude 59: 00, thirteen Days out, all well; and on the 30th he ſpoke the Ship Kitty and Peggy, Captain Norris Copper, from Barcelona to Philadelphia, in Latitude 37: 37, Longitude 60: 30, twelve Weeks out. Captain Copper had run ſhort of Proviſions, but was ſupplied by a Snow from St. Kitt's for Liverpool; and Captain M'Cunn offered to ſpare him more, which he declined accepting, as he thought he had enough to laſt him into Port. Providence was particularly kind to Captain Copper, as before he ſpoke the Snow for Liverpool he had been becalmed four Weeks, during all which Time he was employed in catching and curing Fiſh, which were conſtantly around him.——Arrived in Hampton Road yeſterday, alſo, the Neptune, Captain White, from Barcelona; and the Moore, Captain M'Lieſh, from Glaſgow, but laſt from Caſco Bay and New York."

The Virginia, Captain Howard Eſten, was ſafe arrived in the River Thames, and expected to ſail for York River in the Month of Auguſt.

Extract of a Letter from Colonel WILLIAM PRESTON, *dated* Fincaſtle, *September* 28.

"That Part of the Army, under the Command of Colonel Lewis, which is to meet Lord Dunmore at the Mouth of the Great Kanawah, or New River, aſſembled at the Great Levels of Green Brier, to the Amount of about 1500 Rank and File. Colonel Charles Lewis marched with 600 Men, on the 6th Inſtant, for the Mouth of Elk, a Branch of New River, which empties ſome Diſtance below the Falls, there to build a ſmall Fort, and prepare Canoes. Colonel Andrew Lewis marched with another large Party, the 12th Inſtant, for the ſame Place; and Colonel Chriſtian was to march yeſterday with the Remainder, being about 400, and the laſt Supply of Proviſions. This Body of Militia being moſtly armed with Rifle Guns, and a great Part of them good Woodſmen, are looked upon to be at leaſt equal to any Troops, for the Number, that have been raiſed in America. It is earneſtly hoped that they will, in Conjunction with the other Party, be able to chaſtiſe the Ohio Indians for the many Murders and Robberies they have committed on our Frontiers, for many Years paſt.

"On the 8th Inſtant, one John Henry was dangerouſly wounded, and his Wife and three Children taken Priſoners, on the Head of Clinch River. The Man at that Time made his Eſcape, but is ſince dead of his Wounds. The ſame Day a Man was taken Priſoner by another Party of the Enemy, on the north Fork of Holſton. On the 13th, a Soldier was fired upon by three Indians, on Clinch River; but, as he received no Hurt, he returned the Fire, and it is believed killed an Indian, as much Blood was found where he fell, and one of the Plugs which burſt out of his Wound was alſo found. The Soldier was ſupported by ſome Men who were near, and gave the two Indians a Chaſe; who, it is ſuppoſed, threw the wounded one into a deep Pit that was near. Theſe Parties of the Enemy were purſued ſeveral Days, by Captain Daniel Smith; who could not overtake them, they having ſtolen Horſes to carry them off.

"On the 23d, two Negroes were taken Priſoners at Blackmore's Fort, on Clinch River, and a great many Horſes and Cattle ſhot down. On the 24th, a Family was killed and taken at Reedy Creek, a Branch of Holſton, near the Cherokee Line; and on Sunday Morning, the 25th, Hallooing, and the Report of many Guns, were heard at ſeveral Houſes, but the Damage done was not known when the Expreſs came away. Theſe laſt Murders are believed to be perpetrated by the Cherokees, as two Men lately returned from that Country and made Oath that two Parties had left the Towns, either to join the Shawaneſe, or fall upon ſome of our Settlements; and that the Cherokees, in general, appeared in a very bad Temper, which greatly alarmed the Traders.

"It is impoſſible to conceive the Conſternation into which this laſt Stroke has put the Inhabitants on Holſton and Clinch Rivers, and the rather, as many of their choice Men are on the Expedition, and they have no Ammunition. Two of theſe People were at my Houſe this Day, and, after travelling above a Hundred Miles, offered ten Shillings a Pound for Powder; but there is none to be had, for any Money. Indeed, it is very alarming; for, ſhould the Cherokees engage in a War at this Time, it would ruin us, as ſo many Men are out and Ammunition ſo ſcarce. Add to this, the Strength of thoſe People, and their Towns being ſo near our Settlements on Holſton."

Marriages.] Mr. ALEXANDER GORDON, and Mr. THOMAS GORDON, Merchants, to Miſs MOLLY MURRAY, and Miſs PEGGY MURRAY, two very agreeable young Ladies (Siſters) of Prince George.

Deaths.] PETER RANDOLPH, Eſq; of Wilton, in Henrico, after a ſhort Illneſs.

Mr. JOHN CLAYTON, Junior, Son of Jaſper Clayton, Eſq; of Glouceſter County.

☞ We have the Satisfaction of acquainting the Subſcribers to the VIRGINIA JUSTICE that the ſaid uſeful Work is now completed, after its Publication having been a long While delayed, from ſundry unavoidable Cauſes; and that the Copies are binding up with all Expedition, and will be ready to be delivered in a few Weeks. The Book being much larger than was Mr. Starke's original Intention, has enhanced its Price to 20*ſ.* as was before advertiſed; but its Uſefulneſs will amply compenſate, it being an Abridgment, not only of the Laws of this Colony, but of England alſo, and contains Forms and Precedents for all in publick Office.

To the PRINTER.

SIR,

I HAVE ſent you the Apologies made by Meſſ. J. Gray and A. Shepherd, to a great Number of People collected at Frederickſburg to demand Satisfaction for their indecent Reflections upon the Meaſures now generally purſued by this Colony. Pleaſe to publiſh them in your Gazette, which will oblige many of the Friends of Liberty.

MANSFIELD, } MANN PAGE, Junior.
October 4, 1774. }

FREDERICKSBURG, *October* 4, 1774.

GENTLEMEN,

ON the Subſcription to raiſe a Sum of Money in each County, to diſcharge the Expenſes of the Delegates to the General Congreſs, being preſented to me by the under Sheriff, it is reported, and now proved by the Teſtimony of Samuel Harris, that I ſhould have ſaid, "Can't the poor Dogs pay their own Expenſes?" I therefore declare, that it was the fartheſt from my Intention to caſt any Reflection on theſe Gentlemen, or the Meaſures adopted by the Deputies of this Colony, and am ſorry I ſo inadvertiſedly expreſſed myſelf; as a Proof of which, I have ſince cheerfully acceded to the Aſſociation.

JOHN GRAY.

FREDERICKSBURG, *October* 4, 1774.

HAVING, in a Converſation, accuſed the Delegates of the People for this Colony of Partiality, I do hereby declare that I had not the leaſt Intention of reflecting on the ſaid Delegates, or the Meaſures by them adopted; that what I ſaid was ſpoke unthinkingly, and am ſorry the ſame has given Offence to the People of this Community.

ANDREW SHEPHERD.

FRIDAY, *October* 14. By the Virginian, Aſelby, juſt arrived from Briſtol, we have Papers to the 20th of Auguſt, from which we have collected the following Advices. The York, Roſe, is ſafe arrived at Briſtol.

VIENNA, *Auguſt* 3.

THIS Day, at Noon, a Courier arrived here with the News of Peace between Ruſſia and the Porte having been concluded on the 17th of July, at the Head Quarters at Buyack Canarochi, and ſigned, on the Part of their reſpective Sovereigns, by Marſhal Count Romanzow, and Achmed Effendi, Chiaga to the Grand Viſar.

HAGUE, *July* 29. We learn, from all Parts, that the Harveſt this Year is moſt abundant. Our Letters from Vienna, Smyrna, France, England, the Borders of the Baltick, as well as all the Countries adjoining us, confirm the above Accounts. The Letters from England mention, that there has not been ſo fertile a Year as the preſent ſince 1731.

Auguſt 5. The laſt Letters from Vienna, of the beſt Authority, adviſe, that the Ruſſian General Count de Romanzow, after having paſſed the Danube with all his Army, and reſted his Troops a few Hours, marched at their Head with ſo much Agility againſt the Turks, that the Grand Viſar, not expecting to be ſo ſuddenly ſurpriſed, quitted his advantageous Situation very precipitately, and retired with his Army under the Cannon of Adrianople, abandoning his Camp, and the Towns of Siliſtria and Varna, to the Mercy of the Ruſſians; who took Poſſeſſion of them, and at the ſame Time became Maſters of Bulgaria, and of the Danube. It is ſaid, that the great Panick with which the Turks were ſeized, on Account of the late Advantages gained over them by the Ruſſians, occaſioned ſuch a Deſertion among the Troops that the Viſar found himſelf obliged to make this Retreat.

PETERSBURG, *July* 12. The laſt Advices from Marſhal Romanzow brought an Account of the Operations of the Ruſſian Army. Soon after the Paſſage of the Danube, the Corps under the Generals Kamenſkoy and Suwarow attacked the Body of Troops under the Command of the Reis Effendi, amounting to 40,000 Men; which, having made no Manner of Reſiſtance, was inſtantly routed. The whole Turkiſh Camp was taken, together with 32 Pieces of Braſs Cannon. Very few Men were killed on either Side. A ſeparate Party of the Turks having attacked Count Soltikow, were vigorouſly repulſed, and 2500 Turks left dead in the Field. Her Imperial Majeſty has made Marſhal Romanzow a Preſent of ſix Pieces of the Cannon which were taken from the Turks.

LONDON, *Auguſt* 13.

AN Expreſs was ſent off three Weeks ago to Canada, to arm the Militia of that Country with all convenient Speed. The Reaſon of this Order may be eaſily gueſſed, to have a Body of Forces in Readineſs to aſſiſt the Operations of General Gage in reducing the Malcontents of the Provinces.

It is ſaid that Sir George Howard will very ſoon be appointed Governour to one of the principal Colonies in North America.

The Portugal Gold, that uſed to circulate in this Country, is now transferred to our Colonies; and the Trade for Corn, which uſed to ſupply England with the Coin of that Country, is now wholly carried on by the Americans. It is ſaid they have exported, within theſe two Years, Wheat, Flower, &c. from three Provinces only, to the Amount of Half a Million of Money; and that many of the Merchants of that Country are ſo rich as to have Thouſands in the Hands of their European Correſpondents.

The Warſaw Gazette, of July 27th, gives the following Account of the Terms of the Peace concluded between Ruſſia and the Porte on the 17th ult. Ruſſia is to have twenty Millions Loewen Dollars as a Compenſation for the Expenſe of the War; ſhe is alſo to have a free Navigation on the Black Sea, and the Independency of the Crimea is to be allowed. According to that Gazette, the Peace was ſigned between Prince Repnin and Reis Effendi. Thus, at laſt, an End is put to a War in which it is thought not leſs than 3 or 400,000 Men have been carried off, and of which neither Side will have much to boaſt.

The Convention between our Court and that of St. Peterſburg, relative to the Exemption of Britiſh Veſſels from paying Duties of Entry in any of the Ruſſian Ports, is concluded, and will ſoon be made publick.

Several Tranſport Ships are contracted for, on Government Account, to carry more Forces to America.

One Houſe in this City only remits over to Holland, Half-yearly, 80,000 l. for the Intereſt of Money which the Dutch have in our publick Funds.

Letters from Zell, by the laſt Mail, give an Account that the Queen of Denmark is in a bad State of Health; that ſhe has requeſted to have the Happineſs of ſeeing her Children; that Application has been made to the Court of Denmark for that Purpoſe, but her Requeſt is abſolutely denied.

Letters from the Continent continue to inform us, that the Buſineſs on which General Conway is deſpatched relates only to a Change of ſome Territories belonging to our King, as Elector of Hanover, and the King of Pruſſia; but that the Agreement could not be fully ſettled without the Conſent of the Emperour of Germany, which was the Reaſon for the General's repairing to Vienna.

It is privately whiſpered, that within theſe few Days ſome very diſagreeable Things have paſſed between our Miniſters and the Dutch Ambaſſadour, concerning ſome late Tranſactions in America, which have hitherto been concealed from the publick Eye.

The Safety of the Nation dwells with the common People. If they will refrain from Drink and Bribery, they may return a Parliament, that, by a Miracle, may ſave their Country.

Yeſterday being the Birthday of his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales, who entered the 13th Year of his Age, their Majeſties received the Compliments of the Nobility and Gentry, &c. on the Occaſion. His Royal Highneſs, attended by a great Number of Nobility and Gentry, laid the firſt Stone of Richmond Bridge.

The Letters that went from Paris the 2nd of July laſt were ſtopped going out, and ſeveral of them opened; others which were not opened were detained till the following Poſt, all which occaſion various Speculations.

Inoculation, which was lately out of Repute in France, is now become ſo much in Vogue that an Hoſpital is going to be erected for the Practice of it in the Environs of Paris.

Auguſt 18. Advice is ſaid to have been received from Paris, that the King of Spain has actually inſiſted on the Co-operation of the Court of France with him, in a Scheme to be put immediately into Execution, and in Caſe of Non-compliance threatened to diſſolve the Alliance now ſubſiſting between the two Crowns; and that a Council was ſummoned, when it was determined to favour the Demand of his Catholick Majeſty.

A Deſertion has already begun to take Place amongſt the Troops at Boſton. A Serjeant and eight Men have deſerted from one of the Regiments, a Corporal and four Men from another.

It is ſaid that Governour Hutchinſon will have a Penſion, for Life, on the Iriſh Eſtabliſhment.

Advice is received from Jamaica, that Sir George Bridges Rodney had deſpatched a Man of War and a Schooner to the Havannah, to deſire the Governour to deliver up all the Engliſh Shipwrights, Artificers, &c. employed there, which Requeſt was not only abſolutely refuſed, but the Man of War was ordered to quit the Place immediately.

Several Patents of Iriſh Peerage are now making out. Amongſt them there are, for certain, two Patriots in the Iriſh Houſe of Commons.

There hath been already 200,000 l. in light Gold brought to the Bank, which has been exchanged for current Coin.

The following melancholy Affair lately happened at the Court of Denmark. A Captain having aſked a Favour from the King, he granted it; but upon Prince Frederick, the Princeſs Dowager's Son, hearing of it, he ſays to the Captain, "You ſhall not have that Favour done you." The Captain anſwered, "Then you and the Princeſs Dowager are more "King than the King himſelf." Immediately the Prince drew his Sword, and ſtabbed him to the Heart. Let us admire the Happineſs of our Conſtitution! Would a Prince of Britain have eſcaped the Puniſhment due to ſo baſe an Action?

Saturday laſt a great Match at Whiſt was decided near St. James's, for 1000 l. a Corner.

BATH, *Auguſt* 15. On Tueſday laſt Mr. Dupré's famous Horſe Amphyboleigy, rode by himſelf, trotted ſixteen Miles on the London Road, near this City, for a Wager of 100 Guineas. He was allowed an Hour to do it, but performed it with Eaſe in five Minutes within the Time.

On Monday Lord Robert Spencer and the Honourable Peregrine Bertie, Candidates for the City of Oxford at the enſuing General Election, gave an elegant Entertainment to the Chamber, and likewiſe treated the Freemen in general, for which upwards of eighty Houſes were opened for the Entertainment of the Electors.

EDINBURGH, *Auguſt* 6. The 12th ult. Lieutenant William Grant, late of the 42d Regiment, took Shipping from Fort William, with his Wife and Family, and about 150 other Paſſengers, for Mull, where they are to go on Board the Moore, M'Larty, of Greenock, for New York. Mr. Grant rented a conſiderable Farm in the County of Urquhart, Inverneſſhire; but an extravagant Rent has obliged him to abandon it, and retire to America. The Highlanders going out with him are chiefly from the County of Urquhart and the Wilds of Glenmoriſon, and nothing but extreme Poverty would have obliged them to abandon their native Country. They have taken out a Schoolmaſter along with them.

WILLIAMSBURG, FRIDAY, *October* 14.

THIS Day an Expreſs arrived from his Excellency the Governour, who has ſent Copies of ſeveral Speeches that paſſed between him and the Chiefs of the Six Nations and Delawares; wherein they greatly diſapprove of the Murders and Outrages committed by the Shawaneſe, and promiſe to uſe their beſt Endeavours to bring them to a Treaty with his Excellency, when it is hoped a permanent Peace will be eſtabliſhed, and an End put to an Indian War, ſo ruinous to the Frontier Inhabitants, as well as expenſive to the Country.

We alſo learn, from the beſt Authority, that his Excellency intends to return to this City in Time to meet the GENERAL ASSEMBLY, on the 3d Day of next Month, to which Time they were prorogued by his Excellency's laſt Proclamation.

Advertiſements.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1766.

ORDERED, that the Clerks of the ſeveral County Courts in this Colony do tranſmit to the Clerk of this Houſe, in the firſt Part of every Meeting of the General Aſſembly, a Liſt of the Tithables in their Counties, containing the Names of ſuch Tithables; and that they tranſmit alſo, at the ſame Time, a Liſt of the publick Charges of their reſpective Counties.

ORDERED, *that the Clerk of this Houſe do cauſe the ſame to be publiſhed in the* Virginia *Gazette.*

By the Houſe of Burgeſſes.

G. WYTHE, C. H. B.

To the Reverend the CLERGY.

GENTLEMEN,

YOU will be pleaſed to obſerve, that, according to the Agreement entered into by thoſe of you who honoured the late Convention with their Attendance, the 10th of next Month falls out to be the Day on which our Body is to meet at the College.

I am, your loving Brother, and humble Servant,

COLLEGE, *October* 12, 1774. JOHN CAMM.

CABIN POINT, *October* 10, 1774.

AS the Store kept by me on Account of *Logan, Gilmour,* and Co. at Mr. *James Balfches*'s is diſcontinued, all Perſons indebted thereto are requeſted to make immediate Payment to Mr. *John Mackay*, who is properly empowered to receive the ſame. Thoſe who have it not in their Power to make immediate Payment are earneſtly deſired to ſettle their Accounts, by giving Specialties to Mr. *Mackay*, who attends at *Cabin Point* for that Purpoſe.

(tf) JOHN STEWART.

To be SOLD *to the higheſt Bidder, for ready Money, on* Wedneſday *the 26th Inſtant* (October) *at* Lyddal Bacon's *Ordinary, in* New Kent,

THREE likely NEGROES, Stocks of CATTLE and HORSES, and all his HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE. They are ſold by Virtue of an Execution obtained in *New Kent* Court, by Meſſ. *John Eilbeck, David Roſs*, and Co. againſt the Eſtate of the ſaid *Bacon*. (2||) JOSIAH HOLT, D. S.

SMITHFIELD, *September* 30, 1774.

ROBIN, a black Fellow, well made, about five Feet ten Inches high, abſconded from Mr. *Rice Peirce*, to whom he was hired, about eight Weeks ago; his Clothing was, when he went off, a Negro Cotton Waiſtcoat and Breeches much wore, and perhaps an old Pair of Trouſers. I am apprehenſive he is lurking about *Nanſemond* River, or *Norfolk*. As he was always fond of the Water, I expect he will endeavour to inſinuate himſelf ſo far in Favour of ſome of the Maſters of Veſſels as to make them believe he is free. I forbid any Perſon employing or maintaining him, and will reaſonably reward any One who will deliver him to JOSIAH PARKER.

JAMES GEDDY,

GOLDSMITH, NEAR THE CHURCH,

WILLIAMSBURG,

HAS for Sale all Sorts of Country made GOLD and SILVER WORK, and has juſt imported from *London* a genteel Aſſortment of PLATE and JEWELLERY, which he will ſell at lower Rates than uſual.

*** Old SILVER taken in Exchange for new Work at 7s. per Ounce, and GOLD at 5l. 5s. He repairs his own Work that fails in a reaſonable Time, without any Expenſe to the Purchaſer.

WILLIAMSBURG, *October* 13, 1774.

I BEG Leave to inform the Publick, and particularly thoſe Gentlemen who were pleaſed to take my Subſcription Papers to their reſpective Counties, to raiſe a ſmall Sum of Money in each for the Encouragement of making SALT, that after viewing many Places on this and the other Side of the Bay, and on the Sea Coaſt of the *Eaſtern Shore*, I have now fixed on a very convenient Spot on that Coaſt for erecting proper Works; and as nothing more can be done on my Part without Money, I muſt beg the Favour of them to forward ſuch Sums as they may be able to collect, to *Robert Carter Nicholas*, Eſquire, who is ſo kind as to take the Trouble of receiving and paying the Money out to me. Proper Security ſhall be lodged in his Hands, for any Sum that I may draw. The Certainty of my being able to make Salt, as good as any whatever, is hardly to be doubted, from the ſeveral Experiments which I have made, and which are pretty fully certified by Gentlemen of Veracity, whoſe Certificates will be lodged in the Hands of Mr. *Nicholas*.

Gentlemen will readily ſee the Neceſſity I am under of requeſting ſpeedy Aſſiſtance, when I inform them that I have for ſome Time paſt devoted my whole Attention to this Buſineſs, and given over every other Purſuit from which my Family might have derived any Advantage, and that, in Order to put the Works in as great Forwardneſs as was in my Power, I have incurred a conſiderable Expenſe, and been obliged to contract for ſome of the neceſſary Materials.

JAMES TAIT.

AT the Requeſt of Mr. *James Tait*, I do hereby certify that he hath lodged in my Hands his Bond with ſuch Securities, as I am perſuaded will be approved, for his diligent and expeditious Proſecution of his Scheme of making Salt and a faithful Application and Expenditure of all ſuch Sums of Money, as may be contributed for ſo deſirable a Purpoſe. He is extremely anxious to enter upon the Work, and flatters himſelf that he will be enabled to do it very ſpeedily, from the Aſſurances he received of being ſupported by a generous Aſſiſtance from different Counties. RO. C. NICHOLAS.

PURSUANT to an Order of *Halifax* County Court, will be let, at the Courthouſe of the ſaid County, on *Tueſday* the 1ſt of *November*, to the loweſt Undertaker, the Building of an elegant new Wooden Courthouſe; a Plan of which may be ſeen, and the Terms of Payment made known, at the Time of Letting. Bond, and good Security, will be required for the Performance.

ROBERT WOODING.
GEORGE BOYD.
WALTER COLES.
ISAAC COLES.

*** At the ſame Time and Place will be let, to the loweſt Undertaker, the Building of a genteel Dwelling-Houſe for the Reception of Gentlemen, &c. a Plan of which may be ſeen, and the Payments made known, at the Time of Letting. ROBERT WOODING.

For SALE,

THAT valuable and well ſituated Lot in *Williamſburg* where the Coffeehouſe is now kept, which may be entered upon the 1ſt of *April* next.——Alſo a Tract of Land in *Nanſemond* County, within three Miles of *Suffolk*, upon which is a good Stream for a Mill. It is well timbered with Oak and Pine, contains ſome very good Meadow Ground, produces good Corn and Wheat, and is capable of great Improvement; there is a very good Dwelling-Houſe, and all neceſſary Houſes for Cropping, with a fine young Orchard of Apple and Peach Trees. It likewiſe may be entered upon the firſt of *April* next.——For Terms apply to *David Meade*, Eſq; at *Maycox*; Mr. *Joſeph Prentis*, Attorney, in *Williamſburg*; Mr. *Wills Cowper*, Merchant, in *Suffolk*; or to the Subſcriber, in *Halifax* Town, *North Carolina*.

(tf) JOHN WEBB.

To be SOLD *at publick Auction, to the higheſt Bidder, at* New Kent *Courthouſe, on* Thurſday *the 10th of* November, *being Court Day,*

THAT well accuſtomed Ordinary, lying about two Miles above the Courthouſe, on the main County Road leading to *Williamſburg*, and belonging to the Eſtate of *William Bailey*, deceaſed. Twelve Months Credit will be allowed the Purchaſers, on their giving Bond with approved Security to the Executors.

(2||) ANNE BAILEY, ROGER TANDY, JOHN BAILEY, } Executors.

YORK TOWN, *October* 10, 1774.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, laſt *Friday*, a likely *Virginia* born Negro Man called JOHNNY, about 22 Years of Age, five Feet eight Inches high, has a down Look, and walks upright; he carried with him a Variety of Clothes, is fond of Liquor, in which he is very talkative and inſinuating, has been always bred to the Houſe, and is an extraordinary good Waiter. This Fellow formerly belonged to *Armiſtead Lightfoot*, Eſq; deceaſed, and is remarkable for Cock-fighting, Card-playing, and many other Games. I ſuſpect he will paſs as a Freeman, and endeavour to get out of the Colony, as he can read and write. All Maſters of Veſſels are cautioned not to carry him off, at their Peril. I will give 40 s. if taken within this Colony and brought home, beſides what the Law allows, or 5 l. if taken in any other Colony.

CHARLES GRYMES.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, in *Blandford*, on *Tueſday* the 4th Inſtant (*October*) an indented Servant Man named JAMES TURNBULL, by Trade a Tailor; had on, when he went away, a dark blue Coat with Silver Baſket Buttons, Scarlet Waiſtcoat, light blue Breeches, fine Worſted Stockings, a Pair of Silver Buckles in his Shoes of the Macaroni Taſte, and a ſmall round bound Hat ſlouched. He walks very lame, but rode a ſmall CHESTNUT SORREL MARE with a Star in her Forehead. Whoever delivers the ſaid Runaway to me, or ſecures him ſo that I get him again, ſhall be handſomely rewarded, beſides what the Law allows.

(2||) ANDREW HAMILTON.

THE Subſcriber has for Sale a likely Negro Fellow, who ſerved a conſiderable Part of his Time at the Shoe Factory at *Norfolk*, and of Courſe underſtands that Buſineſs. He is 24 Years old. Whoever wants ſuch a Fellow may know the Terms by applying to (2) JOHN STEWART.

COMMITTED to the Jail of *Northumberland*, the 13th of *September*, a new Negro Man who ſays he belongs to a Captain of a Ship, and as well as I can underſtand calls himſelf SAM. He is about five Feet ſix or ſeven Inches high, and well ſet. The Owner is deſired to take him away, and pay Charges.

(||) JESSE ALEXANDER, Jailer.

COMMITTED to *York* Priſon, a luſty young Mulatto Woman named MILLY, who ſays ſhe belongs to Mr. *John Hudnet*, of *Fauquier* County. The Owner is deſired to pay Charges, and take her away. WILLIAM MITCHELL.

TAKEN up, in *Henrico*, a ſmall BLACK COW about four Years old, with a red Bull Calf. The Cow is marked with a Crop, Slit, Hole, and Underkeel, in the right Ear, and a Crop and Slit in the left. The Calf has no Mark. Poſted, and appraiſed to 40 s.

(||) EPHRAIM GATHRIGHT.

PATRICK BEECH,

At the BRICK SHOP oppoſite Mr. TURNER's Store,

WILLIAMSBURG,

BEGS Leave to inform the Publick, that he makes and ſells all Sorts of Gold, Silver, and Jewellery Work, after the neweſt Faſhions, and at the loweſt Prices, for ready Money only. Thoſe who are pleaſed to favour him with their Commands, may depend upon having their Work done in the neateſt Manner, on the ſhorteſt Notice, and a grateful Acknowledgment.——Commiſſions from the Country will be carefully obſerved, and punctually anſwered.

*** He gives the higheſt Prices for OLD GOLD, SILVER, or LACE, either in Caſh or Exchange.

PORT ROYAL, *September* 22, 1774.

WHEREAS, by a Decree of the Honourable the General Court, *April* 13, 1772, in a Suit in Chancery, *Edward Dixon*, and others, Complainants, againſt *Thomas Turner*, and others, Defendants, in Conſideration of the Reports made and returned, and the Order of his Majeſty and his Privy Council, it is, among other Things, decreed and ordered, that the ſaid *Thomas Turner*, and the ſaid *Edward Dixon*, and his Children, pay the Balance of certain Debts and Coſts, in the ſaid Decree mentioned and referred to, in Proportion to the Value of the Eſtate which they took under the Will and Codicil of *Thomas Turner* the Teſtator, in the ſaid Decree likewiſe mentioned; and that the ſaid *Edward Dixon*, and *Thomas Turner*, if they ſhall think fit, ſell ſo many of the Slaves deviſed to them reſpectively, and the Children of the ſaid *Edward*, by the Will of the ſaid Teſtator, as will raiſe Money ſufficient to pay and diſcharge their Proportions of the ſaid Debts and Coſts, as by the ſaid Decree may particularly appear. And whereas the Proportion of the ſaid Debts and Coſts, for which the ſaid *Edward* and his Children were made reſponſible by the ſaid Decree, amounts to about three Thouſand Pounds Current Money, the ſaid *Edward Dixon* propoſes to offer for Sale, to the higheſt Bidder, for ready Money only, about a Hundred entailed SLAVES, deviſed to him and his Children as aforeſaid. The Sale to begin at his Plantation, near *Burd*'s Bridge, in *Caroline* County, the 4th of *November* next, and at his Plantation, near the *Mount* Church, in the ſaid County, and at *Port Royal*, on the 8th Day of the ſame Month, and at his Plantation, at the *Cobler* Mountains, in *Fauquier* County, on the 18th Day of the ſame Month. The ſaid Sale is to be continued till as much Money can be raiſed as will amount to the Proportion aforeſaid. If either of the Days aforeſaid ſhould prove bad, the Sales are to be on the next ſucceeding fair Days. A good Title will be made to the Purchaſers, agreeable to the ſaid Decree, by

(2||) EDWARD DIXON.

N. B. As I am giving up Trade, I requeſt of all thoſe whoſe Accounts are unſettled on my Books to come and ſettle them immediately, and pay the Balances that are due, as no longer Indulgence can be given.

TO be ſold at *Cabin Point*, on *Thurſday* the 13th of this Inſtant (*October*) a new SLOOP, with her Sails, Rigging, &c. Burthen about 3000 Buſhels. She will be ſold for ready Money. (1) JOHN STEWART.

ALL Perſons are expreſsly forbid hunting or fowling on the *Falls* Plantation. Whoever treſpaſſes after this Caution may depend on being proſecuted.

WILLIAM BLACK.

WILTON, *October* 3, 1774.

A SINGLE Man that underſtands teaching *Engliſh, Latin*, Writing, and Arithmetick, will meet with very good Encouragement by applying to

WILLIAM CHURCHHILL.

To be SOLD *at publick Auction, before the* Raleigh *Door, on* Friday *the 29th Inſtant* (October), *at four o'Clock in the Afternoon,*

THAT valuable Tract of Land, near the Mouth of *Archer's Hope* Creek, where Mrs. *Tate* lately lived. There are on it a commodious Dwelling Houſe and convenient out Houſes, and adjoining to the high Land is a conſiderable Quantity of very good Marſh. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe may treat with *Rob. C. Nicholas*, Eſq; as to the Payments, which will be made eaſy upon Bond with approved Security; and the Land, &c. will be ſhewn by Mr. *Everard*'s Overſeer, at the adjoining Plantation. SARAH TATE.

JUST arrived in *James* River, the *Elizabeth*, Captain *Leitch*, from *London*, with a Parcel of healty indented Servants, conſiſting of Shoemakers, Tailors, Ropemakers, Curriers, a Houſe Maid, and a Schoolmaſter; which are to be ſold by the Captain on Board, or the Subſcriber in *Peterſburg*.

(2||) THOMAS SHORE.

To be SOLD, *on* Thurſday *the 27th Inſtant* (October) Mecklenburg *County, near* Ingram's *Ford, on* Meherrin *River*,

TWO Plantations with about 1000 Acres of Land, about 200 Barrels of Corn, and the Fodder, as it ſtands, Stocks of all Kinds, and a great Deal of Houſehold Furniture. Credit will be allowed the Purchaſer until the 10th of *April* next, giving Bond with approved Security.—As the Subſcriber intends to leave the Colony of *Virginia*, and going to *Georgia*, all Perſons indebted to him are deſired to come and diſcharge their Accounts; and all thoſe who have any Demands againſt him are requeſted to make them known, and they ſhall be ſatisfied.

(2) WILLIAM ROBISON.

To be SOLD, *on* Wedneſday *the 19th of* October, ABOUT 1000 Acres of exceeding good LAND for Tobacco, Wheat, or Corn, in the lower End of *Middleſex* County, on *Rappahannock* River, which abounds with the fineſt Fiſh and Oyſters, and is very convenient to Church and Mill. The Land will be laid out in ſmall Parcels, to ſuit Purchaſers. One Half of the Money to be paid down, and the other Half the 10th of *April* 1775, for which Bond and Security will be required. The Land will be ſhown by *Benjamin Harris, Benjamin Hackney*, or the Subſcriber. WILLIAM CHURCHHILL.

To be SOLD, *at* Amherſt *Courthouſe, on* Monday *the 5th of* December, *being Court Day,*

FIFTEEN *Virginia* born SLAVES. Twelve or eighteen Months Credit will be allowed, the Purchaſer giving Bond with approved Security, to carry Intereſt from the Date. The Intereſt will be remitted to thoſe who pay the Principal in twelve Months from the Day of Sale.

DANIEL GAINES.

To be SOLD, *for ready Money, on* Thurſday *the 20th Inſtant* (October) *if fair, otherwiſe next fair Day, by Virtue of a Deed of Truſt from* Thomas Adams,

FIFTY FOUR Acres of LAND about five Miles above *King William* Courthouſe, whereon is a good Dwelling-Houſe, Outhouſes, and Garden, ſituated on a publick Road, and commonly called the *Burnt Ordinary*; alſo 152 Acres nearly adjoining thereto, and 120 Acres adjoining the latter. The Whole is good level Grain Land. The Sale is to be at the firſt mentioned Place. (2) JOHN ROANE.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, in *Weſtmoreland*, a *Scotch* Convict Servant named THOMAS SCOTT, by Trade a Tailor, about five Feet ſeven Inches high, rather ſlim made, pretty much marked with the Smallpox, wears his own light coloured Hair tied behind, ſpeaks much in the *Scotch* Dialect, is much inclined to drinking, fond of playing at Cards, ſings Songs, and will puſh himſelf into any Company; had on, when he went away, a long Oſnabrug Coat, a black Cloth Waiſtcoat, a Pair of Dove coloured Duroy Breeches, a Pair of turned Pumps Half ſoled, with a Pair of double gimmed Silver plated Buckles in them. Whoever brings the ſaid Servant to me, or ſecures him ſo that I get him again, ſhall have 40 s. Reward, beſides what the Law allows. RICHARD CADDELL.

POETS CORNER.

A NEW SONG.

WHILE Beauty and Pleasure are now in their Prime,
And Folly and Fashion expect our whole Time,
Ah! let not those Phantoms our Wishes engage,
Let us live so in Youth that we blush not in Age.

Though the Vain and the Gay may attend us a While,
Yet let not their Flattery our Prudence beguile;
Let us covet those Charms that will never decay,
Nor listen to all that Deceivers can say:

"How the Tints of the Rose, and the Jasmine's Perfume,
The Eglantine's Fragrance, the Lilack's gay Bloom,
Though fair, and though fragrant, unheeded may lie,
For that neither is sweet whe' Florella is by."

I sigh not for Beauty, nor languish for Wealth,
But grant me, kind Providence, Virtue and Health;
Then richer than Kings, and as happy as they,
My Days shall pass sweetly and swiftly away.

When Age shall steal on me, and Youth is no more,
And the Moralist, Time, shakes his Glass at my Door;
What Charm in lost Beauty or Wealth shall I find?
My Treasure, my Wealth, is a sweet Peace of Mind.

That Peace I'll preserve, then, as free as 'twas given,
And taste in my Bosom an Earnest of Heaven;
For Virtue and Wisdom can warm the cold Scene,
And Sixty may flourish as gay as Sixteen.

And when long I the Burthen of Life shall have born,
And Death, with his Sickle, shall cut the ripe Corn,
Resign'd to my Fate, without Murmur or Sigh,
I'll bless the kind Summons, and lie down and die.

WE the Subscribers, having for some Time past experienced very great Inconvenience arising from the Uncertainty of the Time of our Meeting in *Williamsburg*, have now resolved, and are determined, for the future, to meet there every 25th Day of *October* and *April*; of which we give this publick Notice, that those who have Business to transact with us may know when to attend.

James Lyle.	Neil Jamieson.
Archibald Ritchie.	James Glassford.
Daniel M'Callum.	Wills Cowper.
Robert Donald.	Matthew Phripp.
James Fairlie.	John Hamilton.
James Donald.	Thomas Simpson.
Alexander Baine.	John Gilmour.
John Fisher.	Charles Gilmour.
William Mitchell.	John Hay, & Co.
Richard Adams.	Benjamin Bailey, & Co.
Alexander Buchanan.	Anthony Warwick.
Andrew Chalmer.	Inglis & Long.
Edward Johnson.	Fielding Lewis.
Ninian Minzies.	Archibald Cunison.
Thomas Main.	Henry Mitchell.
Robert Rutherford.	James Robison.
Archibald M'Call.	James Somervell.
M'Call & Sredden.	William Henderson.
Adam Fleming.	John Glassell.
Thomas Russell.	Andrew Crawford.
Hector Ross.	Richard Hanson.
Neil M'Coull.	James Ingram.
John Lindsay.	William Harrison.
James Gibson, & Co.	Edmund Pendleton, Jun.
John Johnson.	John Baird.
Robert Burton.	Thomas Shore.
Archibald Bryce.	Patrick Coutts.
Archibald Govan.	Moss Armistead.
Andrew Johnston, Jun.	Eilbeck, Ross, & Co.
Edward Brisbane.	John Tabb.
William Johnson.	Cornelius Calvert.
Thomas Younger.	Robert Pleasants, & Co.
Simon Fraser.	Thomas Evans.
Thomas Hodge.	Edward Starler.
James M'Dowall.	David Russell.
David Cochran.	George Purdie.

For SALE,

A PARCEL of the celebrated Dr. NORRIS's DROPS, which will be sold at prime Cost and the Charges. For Terms, inquire of the Printer.

THE Ship *Jean*, Captain *Ritchie*, lying at *Broadway*, will take in Tobacco on Freight for *Glasgow*, or Freight for 3 or 400 Hogsheads may be exchanged. Apply to the Subscriber, in *Petersburg*. HENRY LOCHHEAD.

*** Who has for Sale a Quantity of *Sherry* WINE, imported in the said Vessel, which he will sell very reasonably.

WILLIAMSBURG, *September* 8, 1774.

THE Legatees of Mr. *Joseph Scrivener*, deceased, being very pressing to receive their respective Dividends of his Estate, it is expected that all Persons indebted thereto, by Bond, Book Debts, or for Goods purchased at the Sale, will make Payment by the ensuing *October* Court, as no longer Indulgence can or will be given by the Executors. WILLIAM TREBELL.
ROBERT NICOLSON.

IMPORTED in the *Virginia*, Captain *Thompson*, from *Glasgow*, last *October*, two Casks marked M L (the W in a Diamond and the L at the Top of it) No. 23 and 24, containing PORT WINE. As those two Packages have never come to Hand, it will be taken extremly kind of any Gentleman with whom they may be lodged, to forward them by the first Opportunity to *Richmond*; the Expenses will be chearfully paid, and the Favour acknowledged, by THOMAS MITCHELL.

Pursuant to an Act of Assembly, will be sold at Smithfield, *on* Thursday *the 3d of* November *next*,

EIGHTEEN HUNDRED and SIXTY EIGHT Acres (the remaining Part of a Tract) of well timbered level Land in *Isle of Wight* County, belonging to Mr. *James Burwell*. This Land is laid off into seven Lots, is within eleven Miles of *Smithfield*, and five of a very fine Merchant Mill. Any Person who has Thoughts of purchasing may know the Terms by applying to Mr. *James Burwell*, in *York* County.
LEWIS BURWELL.
(tf) DUDLEY DIGGES.
THOMAS NELSON, Junior.
NATHANIEL BURWELL.

WILLIAMSBURG, *September* 29, 1774.

COMMITTED to the Publick Jail, on the 3d Instant, a Negro Man named CHARLES, who told me he belonged to Doctor *Corbin Griffin* of *York*, which I have repeatedly notified to the Doctor; but no Application having been made from him for the said Fellow, it is probable he has told me a Falsity. From his own Story, he was lately the Property of Mr. *James Pride*, from whom Doctor *Griffin* received him last *February*, and kept him in Possession till the *July* following, at which Time he eloped. He is about 25 Years old, five Feet nine Inches high, slim made, well dressed, and fit to act in the Capacity of a Waiting Man. His Owner is desired to take him away, and pay Charges. (tf) PETER PELHAM.

Just IMPORTED, *and to be sold at* John Carter's *Store, in* Williamsburg, *the following Articles*, viz.

BEST broad and narrow Cloths, *Bath* Coatings, Halfthicks, Osnabrugs, Mens and Boys Hats, Womens white *French* Kid Gloves, best Jar Raisins and Currants, Preserved Figs, Sugared Almonds and Almonds in Shells, Barley Sugar, White and Brown Sugar Candy, Candied Orange Peel and Chips, Candied Barberries, Candied Ginger, White and coloured Comfits, Pickled Samphire, Walnuts, Anchovies, and Capers, best Mangoes, *French* Olives, Mushrooms, Catchup, Mustard, White Ginger, Nutmegs, Mace, Cloves, Cinnamon, Pepper, Allspice, Saltpetre, Ground Verdigrise, Prussian Blue, Vermilion, *Dutch* Pink, Umber, Linseed Oil, Alum, Brimstone, Rotten Stone, Indigo, Fig and Powder Blue, Starch, Copperas, Bottle Corks, Chocolate, Coffee, best *Strasburg* Snuff, a Variety of Needles, Marble Inkstands and Dolls, Artificial Fruit, such as Apples, Pears, Nectarines, Lemons, and Eggs, whole and cut into Quarters, Almonds, &c. &c. He also expects, in a few Weeks, a large Assortment of STAYS and GARDEN SEEDS, which will be sold for ready Money only.

COMMITTED to *Chesterfield* Jail, two Negro Men, one of whom says his Name is PETER, and that he belongs to *William Cooper*. He is a tall Fellow, and much scarified in the Face with his Country Marks; has on a *Virginia* Cloth Waistcoat, striped and filled in with blue Yarn, a good Felt Hat, and other Clothes as usual for Plantation Negroes. The other says his Name is BRISTOL, and that he belongs to *Josiah Ellington*. He is a tall Fellow, smooth and full faced; his Clothing a *Virginia* wove Thread and Cotton Shirt, and *Virginia* Cloth Jacket and Trousers. The Owners are desired to prove their Properties, pay Charges, and take them away.
JAMES BALL, Jailer.

TAKEN up, in *Amherst*, a BLUE ROAN MARE eighteen or nineteen Years old, four Feet eight or nine Inches high, with a Switch Tail and roached Mane, and is a natural Trotter. Posted, and appraised to 3l. ALEXANDER FITZPATRICK.

TAKEN up, in *Amherst*, a GRAY MARE four or five Years old, four Feet seven Inches high, with a hanging Mane and Switch Tail, has a Glass Eye, is a natural Pacer, and branded on the near Shoulder D. Posted, and appraised to 9l.
(8) SAMUEL CROUCHER.

TAKEN up, in *Amelia*, a SORREL HORSE about four Feet ten Inches high, with a flaxen Mane, much scarred on each of his Sides, and branded on the near Shoulder C. Posted, and appraised to 9l. (8) JAMES GUNN.

For CHARTER,

THE Ship *Londsdale*, *James Grayson* Master, Burthen about 430 Hhds. *British* built, two Years old, a very good Vessel, well fitted and found. For Terms apply to *Richard Squire Taylor*, in *King William* County. (tf)

FOR SALE,

A TRACT of LAND in *York* County, about four Miles from *Williamsburg*, containing 250 Acres. It lies in about three Quarters of a Mile of *York* River, and about the same Distance from the Oyster Rocks, joins Colonel *John Tabb's*, and Colonel *Landon Carter's* Land, and has as much Timber as will pay for it in one Year, by selling Wood to the Inhabitants of *Williamsburg*. It is under a Morgage to Mr. *William Graves* of *York* County, for about 190l. which Sum must be paid him at the Acknowledgment; for the Remainder of the Money one or two Years Credit will be given, as can be agreed on, and Possession may be had at *Christmas*. For Terms apply to Captain *William Gregory* of *Charles City*, or the Subscriber in the same County, about three Miles from the Courthouse. (tf) AMBROSE JACKSON.

Wanted immediately,

A JOURNEYMAN SHOEMAKER that understands the Business well in all its Branches. Such a One, that can come well recommended, for an honest, industrious, sober Man, will meet with Encouragement to his Satisfaction, a good Seat of Work, and his Money paid every *Saturday* Night if he chooses it. Inquire for the Subscriber, near the upper Church, in *Middlesex* County.
(tf) SAMUEL DANIEL.

To be SOLD *or* RENTED *(Preference will be given to the first)*

A PLANTATION on *Allen's* Creek in *Mecklenburg*, within a Mile of *Roanoke*, consisting of about 220 Acres of Land, the Property of Mess. *Alexander Donald* and Co. and whereon the Subscriber now lives. The Land of itself is valuable, exclusive of the Improvements, which are a good Dwelling-House, with other necessary Outhouses, and a large and convenient Storehouse, 32 by 44 Feet. There are about 20 Acres of the low Ground well set in Timothy and Clover, and notwithstanding this dry Summer, 15 Acres of it have yielded above 30,000 Weight of Hay, which, with about 300 Bushels of Oats in the Straw, some *Indian* Corn, 40 Head of Cattle, 50 Head of Sheep, and some Hogs, will be sold on reasonable Terms. The Purchaser may have Possession of the Premises as soon as he pleases, and long Credit (if required) will be allowed for the Land, on his giving Bond and Security. It is expected the Store will be continued, and of Course the Purchaser will have the Benefit of the Board of the Storekeepers, and besides the Situation of the Place (being on *Taylor's* Ferry Road) makes it well calculated for a Tavern. (tf) EBENEZER MACHARG.

For CHARTER *to any Part of* Europe,

THE Ship *Sparling*, *William Priestman* Master, Burthen about 500 Hogsheads, 13,000 Bushels, or 2500 Barrels. For Terms apply to the Subscribers, in *Norfolk*.
(8) JOHN LAWRENCE, & Co.

*** Who have just imported in said Vessel, from *Liverpool*, *Irish* Linens, Osnabrugs, *Kendal* Cottons, Felt Hats, Sail Canvas, Mould and Dipped Candles, Hard Soap, Nails, Loaf Sugar, Fine Salt, Coals, Queen's China Plates in small Crates, Seine Twine, Bottled Beer, Cheese, &c. &c. They have also for Sale *West India* Rum, Old Spirits, Muscovado Sugar, Coffee, Ginger, Pimenta, Molosses, *Madeira* Wine, &c.

NEW YORK, *July* 27, 1774.

FIFTY POUNDS REWARD,

WHEREAS, on the 19th of *June* last past, a certain JOSEPH THORP was intrusted with a considerable Sum in Half Johannesses, of nine Pennyweight, to be delivered by him at *Quebec*, and as he has not yet made his Appearance there, with other suspicious Circumstances, it is apprehended he is gone off with the Money. He is a Native of *England*, about six Feet high, swarthy Complexion, very dark keen Eyes, and pitted with the Smallpox, of a slender Make, stoops as he walks, talks rather slow, with some small Impediment in his Speech. He lived some Time in *Boston*, from whence he removed to *Quebec*, assuming the Character of a Merchant in both Places; he was also once in Trade in *Newcastle*, *Virginia*, and has a Brother settled there. It is believed he went on Board Captain *John F. Pruym*, for *Albany*, and took with him a blue Casimir and a dark brown Cloth Suit of Clothes. Whoever secures the said *Joseph Thorp*, in any of his Majesty's Jails on this Continent, shall be entitled to ten per Cent. on the Sum recovered, and the above Reward of 50l. when convicted. Apply to *Curson* and *Seton* of *New York*, *Joseph Wharton*, Junior, of *Philadelphia*, *Robert Christie* of *Baltimore*, *James Gibson* and Co. *Virginia*, *John Bondfield* of *Quebec*, *Malatiah Bourne* or *John Rowe* of *Boston*. It is requested of those who may have seen this *Joseph Thorp*, since the 19th of *June* last past, or know any Thing of the Route he has taken, that they convey the most early Intelligence thereof to any of the above Persons, or *Greenwood*, *Ritson*, and *Marsh*, in *Norfolk*, or to *Robert Pleasants* and Co. at *Four Mile* Creek, *Henrico* County; the Favour will be gratefully acknowledged. All Masters of Vessels are forewarned from taking him off the Continent. (tf)

WOOLLENS.

THE Subscriber has just received, by the *Kingston Packet*, Captain *Joseph Turner*, from *Hull*, a large Assortment of coarse Woollens, viz. Six Quarter Cloths with necessary Trimmings, and other small Packages (of about 40l. Sterling Value each) consisting of coarse Duffils, Friezes, Pearnought, Halfthicks, Beaverskins, *Kendal* Cottons, Negro Blanketting, Bed Blankets, White Plaiding, Rugs of different Kinds, and other Goods which he will sell reasonable for Cash, or short Credit.
(tf) JOHN STONEY.

*** He has also for Sale SEINE TWINE in small Packages, SHOT in Barrels, *West India* RUM, Flat and Square BAR IRON of a good Quality, and a Quantity of COALS in said Vessel.

NORFOLK, *September* 26, 1774.

To be SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND in *Surry* County, containing 450 Acres, known by the Name of *Cabin Point*, on which are a new Set of Brick Warehouses, which bring in about 70l. a Year, and a new Brick Merchant Mill completely fitted with two Water Wheels on a never-failing Stream, within 100 Feet of the Wharf. The Land is very good for Grain, and has about 40 Acres that may be made fine Meadow. This is one of the most improveable Estates in the Country. Half the Purchase Money to be paid in twelve Months, the other Half may lie for seven Years, on good Security being given, and punctual Payment of Interest. If the Land is not sold by *Christmas*, it will be rented out.
(tf) BENJAMIN HARRISON,

FOR SALE,

TWO THOUSAND Acres of LAND, lying on the River *Shenando*, in the County of *Frederick*, eight Miles above *Ashby's* Gap. One Third of the Purchase Money to be paid on the Day of Sale, and an extensive Credit will be given for the Remainder. Mr. *James Brown* will show the Land to any Person inclinable to purchase, and I shall be on the Premises the 15th of *November* next.
(tf) NATHANIEL BURWELL.

ISLE of WIGHT, *July* 19, 1774.

Pursuant to a Decree of the Honourable General Court, and by Letter of Attorney from Colonel George Mercer *of* Virginia, *now in* London, *will be sold at publick Auction*,

ABOUT 3500 ACRES of LAND in the County of *Loudoun*, near *West's* Ordinary, about twelve Miles from *Leesburg*, forty from *Alexandria*, and thirty five from *Dumfries*, on *Potowmack*. This Land is well known, by the Description of *Bull Run Mountains*, and is very fertile. —Also 6500 Acres on *Shenando* River, in the County of *Frederick*, opposite to *Snicker's* Ordinary, and binding on the River about seven Miles. As this Tract is Part of a Survey one of the first in that Part of the Colony, its good Quality cannot be questioned, it is well watered, will admit of two Mills on Land Streams, and others on the River; there are now on it six Plantations well improved for Cropping, 110 Slaves, and very large and choice Stocks of Horses (some of the Dray Breed) black Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep; which, together with the Crops of Corn and Wheat now growing (expected to be upwards of 2000 Barrels and 5000 Bushels) will be sold on the Premises, on the 24th Day of *November* next, or next fair Day.——The *Loudoun* Lands will be sold at *West's* Ordinary, on the 21st Day of the same Month. Both Tracts will be laid off in Lots to suit every Kind of Purchaser, who may see them by applying to Mr. *Francis Peyton*, near the *Loudoun* Land, and Mr. *William Dawson*, who resides on the *Shenando* Tract. Among the Slaves are two good Blacksmiths, two Carpenters, and an exceeding trusty and skilful Waggoner. The aged black Cattle, and grown Hogs, will be fattened for Slaughter.—— Purchasers above 25l. will be allowed twelve Months Credit, on giving Bond and Security to the Subscribers, who will be prepared to make Conveyances. JOHN TAYLOE.
(20) GEORGE WASHINGTON.

For LIVERPOOL,

THE Ship GREENWOOD, *Mackey Reed* Master, loads at *Norfolk*, has two Thirds of her Cargo already engaged, can take in 200 Hhds. of Tobacco on Liberty of Consignment. Any Gentlemen inclining to ship by her will please to send their Orders to Mr. *Richard Taylor* of *Petersburg*, Mr. *Richard Squire Taylor* in *King William* County, or to us at *Norfolk*.
(tf) GREENWOOD, RITSON, & MARSH.

To be RENTED, *from Year to Year, or for a Term of Years*,

BELVOIR, the beautiful Seat of the Honourable *George William Fairfax*, Esq; lying upon *Potowmack* River in *Fairfax* County, about fourteen Miles below *Alexandria*. The Mansion House is of Brick, two Stories high, with four convenient Rooms and a large Passage on the lower Floor, five Rooms and a Passage on the second, and a Servants Hall and Cellars below, convenient Offices, Stables, and Coach-House adjoining, as also a large and well furnished Garden, stored with a great Variety of valuable Fruits, in good Order. Appertaining to the Tract on which these Houses stand, and which contains near 2000 Acres (surrounded in a Manner by navigable Water) are several valuable Fisheries, and a good Deal of cleared Land in different Parts, which may be let altogether, or separately, as shall be found most convenient. The Terms may be known of Colonel *Washington*, who lives near the Premises, or of me in *Berkeley* County.
(tf) FRANCIS WILLIS, Junior.

NORFOLK, *April* 22, 1774.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Number of Vessels will be wanted this Summer to bring about 6000 Tuns of STONE from Mr. *Brooke's* Quarry on *Rappahannock*, and land the same on *Cape Henry*, for the Lighthouse. Any Person, or Persons, inclinable to engage in such Work, are desired to treat with *Matthew Phripp*, *Paul Loyall*, and *Thomas Newton*, Esqrs. The Directors of the Lighthouse will also be glad to purchase one or two FLAT BOTTOMED VESSELS, from 80 to 120 Tuns Burthen.
(tf) BASSETT MOSELEY.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT of LAND in *Amelia* County, containing 500 Acres, about four Miles below the Courthouse, it is remarkable fine Land for Grain, and will bring good Tobacco. The Plantation is in good Order for Cropping, sufficient to work six or eight Hands, with all necessary Houses. Any Person inclinable to purchase may depend on having a Bargain, and know the Terms by applying to
(tf) WILLIAM MARSHALL.

For SALE,

ABOUT twelve Thousand Acres of exceeding rich TOBACCO LAND, in *Amherst* County, whereon are several Plantations and Improvements sufficient to work forty or fifty Hands. There is on the said Land for Sale a very valuable GRIST MILL, lately built, with a Stone Dam and a Pair of good *Cologne* Millstones, which Mill has for two Years past got upwards of 100 Barrels of Toll Corn, and is situated on a never failing Stream. The Land will be shown by *William Womack*, who lives at one of the the Plantations, and the Prices of the Land made known by him. One or two Years Credit will be allowed, Interest being paid for the second Year, and also for the first, if the Money is not paid agreeable to Contract. The Land is to be laid off and surveyed by Colonel *William Cabell*, at the Expense of the Purchaser. Deeds will be made upon Bond and approved Security being given, either to Colonel *William Cabell*, or the Subscriber. Six per Cent. Discount will be allowed for ready Money, or good Merchants Notes. If any Person will choose to exchange Lands in the lower Part of the Country, on or near some navigable River, that are good, it is more than probable we should agree.
(tf) CARTER BRAXTON.

ALL Persons may be supplied with this PAPER at 12*s.* 6*d.* a Year, and have ADVERTISEMENTS (of a moderate Length) inserted in it for 3*s.* the first Week, and 2*s.* each Week after.——*** All Sorts of PRINTING WORK done at this Office in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition.